## Biznither

Sole Proprietor Micro Firm Profit-Loss<br>release date: December 2015<br>[238220] Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors<br>Sector: Construction

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| Firms Analyzed |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2010 | 35,050 |
| 2011 | 35,404 |
| 2012 | 30,093 |
| 2013 | 34,607 |
| 2014 | 39,798 |
| 2015 q 2 | 42,783 |

Net Profit (\%)


| Annual Average Revenue, Income \& Expense (\$) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | $2015 q 2$ |
| Revenue | 547,186 | 526,020 | 541,604 | 497,530 | 449,609 | 415,888 |
| Inventory (\% Revenue) | 3,974 | 3,293 | 4,894 | 3,714 | 3,040 | 2,813 |
| Cost of Sales | 191,825 | 173,918 | 178,226 | 167,164 | 154,305 | 142,733 |
| COS-Labor Portion | 38,571 | 35,207 | 40,067 | 34,537 | 30,702 | 28,611 |
| Gross Profit | 355,360 | 352,102 | 363,378 | 330,366 | 295,305 | 273,155 |
| Salary-Wages | 21,442 | 21,094 | 21,894 | 19,776 | 18,439 | 17,183 |
| Contract Labor-Commissions | 32,735 | 32,252 | 36,771 | 32,949 | 29,787 | 27,759 |
| Rent | 6,929 | 7,364 | 7,511 | 6,734 | 5,873 | 5,473 |
| Advertising | 2,742 | 2,613 | 3,037 | 2,598 | 2,566 | 2,392 |
| Benefits-Pension | 850 | 1,025 | 1,335 | 981 | 791 | 737 |
| Insurance (non-health) | 10,750 | 10,557 | 10,427 | 9,643 | 8,440 | 7,807 |
| Taxes Paid | 5,285 | 5,396 | 5,171 | 4,912 | 4,509 | 4,171 |
| Sales, General, Admin \& Misc | 106,195 | 97,291 | 106,659 | 97,732 | 88,603 | 82,570 |
| EBITDA | 168,431 | 174,509 | 170,573 | 155,041 | 136,296 | 125,063 |
| Interest paid | 3,372 | 1,892 | 2,772 | 2,347 | 1,673 | 1,564 |
| Home Office Expense | 3,730 | 3,279 | 3,152 | 3,086 | 2,281 | 2,110 |
| Amortization \& Depreciation | 16,477 | 14,081 | 13,979 | 13,155 | 11,236 | 10,393 |
| Total Expenses | 210,508 | 196,845 | 212,708 | 193,913 | 174,198 | 162,158 |
| Net Profit | 144,852 | 155,257 | 150,671 | 136,452 | 121,106 | 110,997 |
| Total Direct Labor \& NP | 237,601 | 243,811 | 249,403 | 223,714 | 200,034 | 184,550 |


| Annual Average Revenue, Income \& Expense (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | $2015 q 2$ |
| Revenue | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| Inventory (\% Revenue) | $0.73 \%$ | $0.63 \%$ | $0.90 \%$ | $0.75 \%$ | $0.68 \%$ | $0.68 \%$ |
| Cost of Sales | $35.06 \%$ | $33.06 \%$ | $32.91 \%$ | $33.60 \%$ | $34.32 \%$ | $34.32 \%$ |
| COS-Labor Portion | $7.05 \%$ | $6.69 \%$ | $7.40 \%$ | $6.94 \%$ | $6.83 \%$ | $6.88 \%$ |
| Gross Profit | $64.94 \%$ | $66.94 \%$ | $67.09 \%$ | $66.40 \%$ | $65.68 \%$ | $65.68 \%$ |
| Salary-Wages | $3.92 \%$ | $4.01 \%$ | $4.04 \%$ | $3.97 \%$ | $4.10 \%$ | $4.13 \%$ |
| Contract Labor-Commissions | $5.98 \%$ | $6.13 \%$ | $6.79 \%$ | $6.62 \%$ | $6.63 \%$ | $6.67 \%$ |
| Rent | $1.27 \%$ | $1.40 \%$ | $1.39 \%$ | $1.35 \%$ | $1.31 \%$ | $1.32 \%$ |
| Advertising | $0.50 \%$ | $0.50 \%$ | $0.56 \%$ | $0.52 \%$ | $0.57 \%$ | $0.58 \%$ |
| Benefits-Pension | $0.16 \%$ | $0.19 \%$ | $0.25 \%$ | $0.20 \%$ | $0.18 \%$ | $0.18 \%$ |
| Insurance (non-health) | $1.96 \%$ | $2.01 \%$ | $1.93 \%$ | $1.94 \%$ | $1.88 \%$ | $1.88 \%$ |
| Taxes Paid | $0.97 \%$ | $1.03 \%$ | $0.95 \%$ | $0.99 \%$ | $1.00 \%$ | $1.00 \%$ |
| Sales, General, Admin \& Misc | $19.41 \%$ | $18.50 \%$ | $19.69 \%$ | $19.64 \%$ | $19.71 \%$ | $19.85 \%$ |
| EBITDA | $30.78 \%$ | $33.18 \%$ | $31.49 \%$ | $31.16 \%$ | $30.31 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| Interest paid | $0.62 \%$ | $0.36 \%$ | $0.51 \%$ | $0.47 \%$ | $0.37 \%$ | $0.38 \%$ |
| Home Office Expense | $0.68 \%$ | $0.62 \%$ | $0.58 \%$ | $0.62 \%$ | $0.51 \%$ | $0.51 \%$ |
| Amortization \& Depreciation | $3.01 \%$ | $2.68 \%$ | $2.58 \%$ | $2.64 \%$ | $2.50 \%$ | $2.50 \%$ |
| Total Expenses | $38.48 \%$ | $37.43 \%$ | $39.27 \%$ | $38.96 \%$ | $38.76 \%$ | $39.00 \%$ |
| Net Profit | $26.46 \%$ | $29.51 \%$ | $27.82 \%$ | $27.44 \%$ | $26.92 \%$ | $26.68 \%$ |
| Total Direct Labor \& NP | $43.41 \%$ | $46.34 \%$ | $46.05 \%$ | $44.98 \%$ | $44.48 \%$ | $44.37 \%$ |

Inventory (\% Revenue): The stockpile of unsold products. Unlike corporate reports which show inventory as a percent of total assets, the sole proprietorship financial format displays Inventory as a percent of Revenue.

Cost of Sales includes materials and labor involved in the direct delivery of a product or service. Other costs are included in the cost of sales to the extent that they are involved in bringing goods to their location and condition ready to be sold. Non-production overheads such as development costs may be attributable to the cost of goods sold. The costs of services provided will consist primarily of personnel directly engaged in providing the service, including supervisory personnel and attributable overhead.

COS-Labor Portion: This reporting format details labor from the materials and delivery portion of the total Cost of Sales.
Gross Profit represents direct operating expenses plus net profit. In addition to the labor portion of Cost of Sales, wage costs are reflected in the Officers Compensation and Wages-Salary line items. The Contract Labor-Commissions line item is reserved for non-employee labor, sales and related costs. In many cases, SG\&A (Sales, General and Administrative) costs also include some overhead, administrative and supervisory wages.

The Taxes line item includes the employer portion of payroll tax on wages taken during the year as well as other paidin tax items. Sole Proprietorships do not accrue federal business income taxes; Instead, Net Profit is assessed as owner's wages. As a result, the Net Profit line item represents what is commonly referred to as Pre-tax Net Profit or Net Profit Before Tax. Although it is a controversial measure, the EBITDA line item (Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization) adds back Interest Paid, Depreciation-Amortization and Home Office expense to reduce the effect of "paper expenses" and accounting decisions on the bottom line of the Profit and Loss Statement. Since some firms utilized EBITDA is to "add back" non-cash and flexible expenses which may be altered through credits and accounting procedures (such as income tax), paid-in income taxes from the Taxes Paid line item are not added back in the EBITDA calculation.
Rent covers the rental cost of any business property, including land, buildings and equipment.
Insurance (non-health) costs include business liability and property insurance, but exclude employee health insurance, which is covered under the Benefits-Pension line item.

Advertising includes advertising, promotion and publicity for the reporting business, but not on behalf of others.
Benefits-Pension includes, but is not limited to, employee health care and retirement costs.
In addition to varying proportions of overhead, administrative and supervisory wages, some generally more minor expenses, including repairs and written-off debt, are aggregated under SG\&A (Sales, General and Administrative).

The Total Direct Labor \& NP line is developed to indicate overall labor costs, aggregating them as a percentage indicator for one-person sole proprietorships as well as larger operations. Total Direct Labor \& NP sums the labor portion of Cost of Sales, Salary-Wages, Contract Labor-Commissions and Net Profit line items.
The Time Series: Financial reports all analyze calendar years as displayed. Our winter release reports display an additional, overlapped year running from the end of the second quarter of the prior year to the end of the second quarter of the release year.
The Sole Proprietor/Startup Profit \& Loss series mirrors the more streamlined financial reports of many startup firms and sole proprietorships. Startups which are not structured as Sole Proprietorships, and SPs desiring a corporate-style balance sheet analysis, can utilize the small business and lower sales class versions of the Industrial Financial Profile series.

Dollar-based sales and other dollar-based data in this report reflect averages for sales of the industry segment, not total industry-wide averages. As a result, sales levels may vary from year to year, depending on the mix of firms that a relisted as startups (single site firms with one year or less of operation) or sole proprietorships. Because most startups are also sole proprietorships, the sole proprietor reporting format is used for our startup financial series as well. Dollar values may not sum due to rounding.

| Annual Cash Ratios (\$) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | $2015 q 2$ |
| Revenue | 547,186 | 526,020 | 541,604 | 497,530 | 449,609 | 415,888 |
| Cost of Sales | 191,825 | 173,918 | 178,226 | 167,164 | 154,305 | 142,733 |
| Gross Profit | 355,360 | 352,102 | 363,378 | 330,366 | 295,305 | 273,155 |
| All Direct Expenses | 378,754 | 351,511 | 371,031 | 342,489 | 313,313 | 290,825 |
| Net Cash | 165,059 | 172,617 | 167,801 | 152,694 | 134,623 | 123,499 |
| Net Cash \& Labor | 257,808 | 261,171 | 266,533 | 239,955 | 213,550 | 197,053 |
| Annual Cash Ratios (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | $2015 q 2$ |
| Net Cash/ Revenue | $30.17 \%$ | $32.82 \%$ | $30.98 \%$ | $30.69 \%$ | $29.94 \%$ | $29.70 \%$ |
| Net Cash/ Cost of Sales | $86.05 \%$ | $99.25 \%$ | $94.15 \%$ | $91.34 \%$ | $87.24 \%$ | $86.52 \%$ |
| Net Cash/ Gross Profit | $46.45 \%$ | $49.02 \%$ | $46.18 \%$ | $46.22 \%$ | $45.59 \%$ | $45.21 \%$ |
| Net Cash/ All Direct Expenses | $43.58 \%$ | $49.11 \%$ | $45.23 \%$ | $44.58 \%$ | $42.97 \%$ | $42.47 \%$ |
| Net Cash | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| Net Cash/ Net Cash \& Labor | $64.02 \%$ | $66.09 \%$ | $62.96 \%$ | $63.63 \%$ | $63.04 \%$ | $62.67 \%$ |

All Direct Expenses includes Cost of Sales plus Total Expenses from the P1 Income \& Expense table, less largely non-cash Amortization, Depreciation and Home Office expenses. Net Cash adds back these non-cash expenses. This generally offers a more comprehensive picture of owner compensation, which will also vary with the actual proportion of owner labor.

Average Monthly Cash, Income and Expen tables on the following page are calculated on a straight-line sales basis. Different sales patterns alter monthly cash flow (but not annual totals).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan | Feb | March | Aprl | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| Retained Cash | 0 | 13,755 | 27,510 | 41,265 | 55,020 | 68,775 | 82,530 | 96,285 | 110,040 | 123,794 | 137,549 | 151,304 |
| Income | 45,599 | 45,599 | 45,599 | 45,599 | 45,599 | 45,599 | 45,599 | 45,599 | 45,599 | 45,599 | 45,599 | 45,599 |
| Available Cash | 45,599 | 59,354 | 73,109 | 86,864 | 100,619 | 114,374 | 128,128 | 141,883 | 155,638 | 169,393 | 183,148 | 196,903 |
| Cost of Sales | 15,985 | 15,985 | 15,985 | 15,985 | 15,985 | 15,985 | 15,985 | 15,985 | 15,985 | 15,985 | 15,985 | 15,985 |
| Gross Profit | 29,613 | 29,613 | 29,613 | 29,613 | 29,613 | 29,613 | 29,613 | 29,613 | 29,613 | 29,613 | 29,613 | 29,613 |
| All Direct Exp. | 31,844 | 31,844 | 31,844 | 31,844 | 31,844 | 31,844 | 31,844 | 31,844 | 31,844 | 31,844 | 31,844 | 31,844 |
| Net Cash | 13,755 | 27,510 | 41,265 | 55,020 | 68,775 | 82,530 | 96,285 | 110,040 | 123,794 | 137,549 | 151,304 | 165,059 |
| Net Cash \& Labor | 21,484 | 42,968 | 64,452 | 85,936 | 107,420 | 128,904 | 150,388 | 171,872 | 193,356 | 214,840 | 236,324 | 257,808 |


| Average Monthly Cash, Income and Expenses: 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan | Feb | March | Aprl | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| Retained Cash | 0 | 14,385 | 28,769 | 43,154 | 57,539 | 71,924 | 86,308 | 100,693 | 115,078 | 129,463 | 143,847 | 158,232 |
| Income | 43,835 | 43,835 | 43,835 | 43,835 | 43,835 | 43,835 | 43,835 | 43,835 | 43,835 | 43,835 | 43,835 | 43,835 |
| Available Cash | 43,835 | 58,220 | 72,605 | 86,989 | 101,374 | 115,759 | 130,143 | 144,528 | 158,913 | 173,298 | 187,682 | 202,067 |
| Cost of Sales | 14,493 | 14,493 | 14,493 | 14,493 | 14,493 | 14,493 | 14,493 | 14,493 | 14,493 | 14,493 | 14,493 | 14,493 |
| Gross Profit | 29,342 | 29,342 | 29,342 | 29,342 | 29,342 | 29,342 | 29,342 | 29,342 | 29,342 | 29,342 | 29,342 | 29,342 |
| All Direct Exp. | 29,450 | 29,450 | 29,450 | 29,450 | 29,450 | 29,450 | 29,450 | 29,450 | 29,450 | 29,450 | 29,450 | 29,450 |
| Net Cash | 14,385 | 28,769 | 43,154 | 57,539 | 71,924 | 86,308 | 100,693 | 115,078 | 129,463 | 143,847 | 158,232 | 172,617 |
| Net Cash \& Labor | 21,764 | 43,529 | 65,293 | 87,057 | 108,821 | 130,586 | 152,350 | 174,114 | 195,878 | 217,643 | 239,407 | 261,171 |


| Average Monthly Cash, Income and Expenses: 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan | Feb | March | Aprl | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| Retained Cash | 0 | 13,983 | 27,967 | 41,950 | 55,934 | 69,917 | 83,901 | 97,884 | 111,867 | 125,851 | 139,834 | 153,818 |
| Income | 45,134 | 45,134 | 45,134 | 45,134 | 45,134 | 45,134 | 45,134 | 45,134 | 45,134 | 45,134 | 45,134 | 45,134 |
| Available Cash | 45,134 | 59,117 | 73,101 | 87,084 | 101,067 | 115,051 | 129,034 | 143,018 | 157,001 | 170,985 | 184,968 | 198,951 |
| Cost of Sales | 14,852 | 14,852 | 14,852 | 14,852 | 14,852 | 14,852 | 14,852 | 14,852 | 14,852 | 14,852 | 14,852 | 14,852 |
| Gross Profit | 30,282 | 30,282 | 30,282 | 30,282 | 30,282 | 30,282 | 30,282 | 30,282 | 30,282 | 30,282 | 30,282 | 30,282 |
| All Direct Exp. | 31,150 | 31,150 | 31,150 | 31,150 | 31,150 | 31,150 | 31,150 | 31,150 | 31,150 | 31,150 | 31,150 | 31,150 |
| Net Cash | 13,983 | 27,967 | 41,950 | 55,934 | 69,917 | 83,901 | 97,884 | 111,867 | 125,851 | 139,834 | 153,818 | 167,801 |
| Net Cash \& Labor | 22,211 | 44,422 | 66,633 | 88,844 | 111,055 | 133,267 | 155,478 | 177,689 | 199,900 | 222,111 | 244,322 | 266,533 |


| Average Monthly Cash, Income and Expenses: 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan | Feb | March | Aprl | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| Retained Cash | 0 | 12,724 | 25,449 | 38,173 | 50,898 | 63,622 | 76,347 | 89,071 | 101,796 | 114,520 | 127,245 | 139,969 |
| Income | 41,461 | 41,461 | 41,461 | 41,461 | 41,461 | 41,461 | 41,461 | 41,461 | 41,461 | 41,461 | 41,461 | 41,461 |
| Available Cash | 41,461 | 54,185 | 66,910 | 79,634 | 92,359 | 105,083 | 117,808 | 130,532 | 143,256 | 155,981 | 168,705 | 181,430 |
| Cost of Sales | 13,930 | 13,930 | 13,930 | 13,930 | 13,930 | 13,930 | 13,930 | 13,930 | 13,930 | 13,930 | 13,930 | 13,930 |
| Gross Profit | 27,530 | 27,530 | 27,530 | 27,530 | 27,530 | 27,530 | 27,530 | 27,530 | 27,530 | 27,530 | 27,530 | 27,530 |
| All Direct Exp. | 28,736 | 28,736 | 28,736 | 28,736 | 28,736 | 28,736 | 28,736 | 28,736 | 28,736 | 28,736 | 28,736 | 28,736 |
| Net Cash | 12,724 | 25,449 | 38,173 | 50,898 | 63,622 | 76,347 | 89,071 | 101,796 | 114,520 | 127,245 | 139,969 | 152,694 |
| Net Cash \& Labor | 19,996 | 39,993 | 59,989 | 79,985 | 99,981 | 119,978 | 139,974 | 159,970 | 179,966 | 199,963 | 219,959 | 239,955 |


| Average Monthly Cash, Income and Expenses: 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan | Feb | March | Aprl | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| Retained Cash | 0 | 11,219 | 22,437 | 33,656 | 44,874 | 56,093 | 67,311 | 78,530 | 89,749 | 100,967 | 112,186 | 123,404 |
| Income | 37,467 | 37,467 | 37,467 | 37,467 | 37,467 | 37,467 | 37,467 | 37,467 | 37,467 | 37,467 | 37,467 | 37,467 |
| Available Cash | 37,467 | 48,686 | 59,905 | 71,123 | 82,342 | 93,560 | 104,779 | 115,997 | 127,216 | 138,435 | 149,653 | 160,872 |
| Cost of Sales | 12,859 | 12,859 | 12,859 | 12,859 | 12,859 | 12,859 | 12,859 | 12,859 | 12,859 | 12,859 | 12,859 | 12,859 |
| Gross Profit | 24,609 | 24,609 | 24,609 | 24,609 | 24,609 | 24,609 | 24,609 | 24,609 | 24,609 | 24,609 | 24,609 | 24,609 |
| All Direct Exp. | 26,249 | 26,249 | 26,249 | 26,249 | 26,249 | 26,249 | 26,249 | 26,249 | 26,249 | 26,249 | 26,249 | 26,249 |
| Net Cash | 11,219 | 22,437 | 33,656 | 44,874 | 56,093 | 67,311 | 78,530 | 89,749 | 100,967 | 112,186 | 123,404 | 134,623 |
| Net Cash \& Labor | 17,796 | 35,592 | 53,388 | 71,183 | 88,979 | 106,775 | 124,571 | 142,367 | 160,163 | 177,959 | 195,755 | 213,550 |


| financial ratios: Cash Flow - Solvency |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | $2015 \mathrm{q}^{2}$ |
| Net Cash/ Revenue \% | 30.17 | 32.82 | 30.98 | 30.69 | 29.94 | 29.70 |
| Net Cash Turnover (x) | 3.32 | 3.05 | 3.23 | 3.26 | 3.34 | 3.37 |

Net Cash: Revenue: (Retained Cash plus Net Profit) divided by Revenue. Adds back non-out of pocket items (e.g., depreciation, amortization, home office) which show as expenses but largely do not reduce liquid assets.
Net Cash Turnover: Revenue divided by Cash. Cash totals taken from the Cash Flow table less out of pocket expenses. Results too far from the benchmark may indicate overly conservative or aggressive liquidity policies.

Net Cash: Revenue


Net Cash Turnover


| financial ratios: Profitability |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 q2 |
| Gross Profit: Revenue | 64.94 | 66.94 | 67.09 | 66.40 | 65.68 | 65.68 |
| EBITDA: Revenue | 30.78 | 33.18 | 31.49 | 31.16 | 30.31 | 30.07 |
| Return on Revenue | 26.47 | 29.52 | 27.82 | 27.43 | 26.94 | 26.69 |

Gross Profit: Revenue: Gross Profit: divided by Annual Revenue. This is the profit ratio before direct expenses. This ratio can indicate the "play" in other expenses which could be adjusted to increase the Net Profit margin.

EBITDA: Revenue: Earnings Before Interest, income taxes due, Depreciation and Amortization divided by Revenue. EBITDA: Revenue is a relatively controversial (and often criticized) metric designed to eliminate the effect of finance and accounting decisions when comparing companies and industry benchmarks. Tax credits and deferral procedures and non-cash expenditures (Amortization and Depreciation) are not deducted from the profit equation, as are interest expenditures. In the case of sole proprietor reporting formats, the "before tax" refers to owner federal income taxes resulting from Net Profit, rather than federal corporate income taxes.
Return on Revenue: Net Profit divided by Annual Net Revenue, indicating the level of profit from each dollar of Revenue. Income taxes attributable to the Net Profit portion of proprietor income have not been deducted from Net Profit. This ratio can be used as a predictor of the company's ability to withstand changes in prices or market conditions. The ratio is often higher for startups and sole proprietorships due to owner compensation draws accounted as net profit.


EBITDA: Revenue


| financial ratios: Efficiency: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | $2015 q^{2}$ |
| Cost of Sales: Inventory (x) | 48.27 | 52.82 | 36.42 | 45.01 | 50.76 | 50.73 |
| Days Inventory | 7.56 | 6.91 | 10.02 | 8.11 | 7.19 | 7.19 |
| EBITDA: Interest | 49.95 | 92.24 | 61.54 | 66.05 | 81.47 | 79.97 |
| Inventory Turnover | 137.68 | 159.74 | 110.66 | 133.96 | 147.91 | 147.82 |
| Total Labor: Revenue | 16.95 | 16.83 | 18.23 | 17.54 | 17.55 | 17.69 |

Cost of Sales: Inventory: Cost of Sales divided by Inventory. This ratio reflects the number of times inventory is turned over during the course of the year. High levels can mean good liquidity or sales, or shortages requiring better management. Low levels may indicate poor cash flow or overstocking.

Days Inventory: 365 divided by (Cost of Sales: Inventory): Shows the average number of days of items in inventory. Positive inventory balance will align most closely with industry benchmarks.

EBITDA: Interest: Earnings before Interest, income axe due, Depreciation and Amortization divided by Interest expense. This ratio assesses financial stability by examining whether a company is at least profitable enough to pay interest expense. A ratio $>1.00$ indicates it is. See cautions in the listing for EBITDA.

Inventory Turnover: Revenue divided by Inventory. Target at or slightly above industry level. This ratio indicates how quickly inventory turns over. Ratios below the industry norm suggest high levels of inventory. High ratios could indicate product levels insufficient to satisfy demand in a timely manner.

Total Labor: Revenue: All direct compensation costs as a percentage of sales, including the labor cost portion of cost of sales, salary \& wages, contract labor and commissions. Net Profit is also included for sole proprietorship and most startup operations because it is considered owner compensation.

Cost of sales: Inventory


EBITDA: Interest


Days Inventory


Inventory Turnover


Total Labor: Revenue


## About the Data

Raw data analyzed for BizMiner reports is sourced from an array of the nation's government and private statistical sources. None of these raw data sources creates the final measures reflected in BizMiner industry profiles. In total, BizMiner accesses over a billion sourced data points from 15 million business operations for each of its twice annual updates covering a 3-5 year time series. Historical data and BizMiner algorithms are used to inform and test projections for non-reporting firms. Data elements are sourced specifically from:

- IRS SOI Corporation Income Tax-Returns
- IRS SOI Corporation Tax Book
- IRS SOI 1040 Schedule C Income Tax Returns
- IRS SOI Statistics of Income
- Individual Tax Statistics
- US Economic Census of Manufactures
- US Census Economy Overview
- US Census Annual Survey of Manufactures
- US Census Annual Retail Trade Survey
- US Census Annual Wholesale Trade Survey
- US Census Quarterly Financial Reports
- US Census County Business Patterns
- Bureau of Labor Statistics Monthly Employment Reports
- Bureau of Labor Statistics Monthly Unemployment Reports
- US Census Wholesale Trade Report
- US Census Quarterly (New Housing) Sales by Price and Financing
- US Census Total Construction Spending
- US Census Retail Trade Report
- US Census Quarterly Services Survey
- Commercial Real Estate Survey
- Credit Reporting Agencies
- InfoGroup, Inc.
- Business Directories
- American Community Survey

While $100 \%$ firm coverage is desirable for analysis purposes, the greatest value of BizMiner reports rests in discerning patterns of activity, which are reflected in the large samples used to develop our reports. The overall current coverage of the databases surpasses 13 million active business operations at any point in time.

As is the case with any databases this large, some errors are inevitable. Some firms are missed and specific information on others is lacking from the database. Not all information received is uniform or complete, resulting in the need to develop projection algorithms for specific industry segments and metrics in some report series. No representation is made as to the accuracy of the databases utilized or the results of subsequent analyses. Neither the Brandow Company nor its resellers has undertaken independent primary research to confirm the accuracy of the data utilized in the Profile analyses. Neither the Brandow Company nor its resellers are responsible for conclusions drawn or decisions made based upon this data or analysis. In no event will the Brandow Company or its resellers be liable for any damages, direct, indirect, incidental or consequential resulting from the use of the information contained in BizMiner reports.

